CSC7321 Middleware and software architecture for distributed applications

Revision : 513

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Presentation of CSC7321

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Administrative Information

- TU Coordinator: Chantal Taconet
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- TU teachers:
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- TU resources:

- Remote conditions
  - The classes will be accessible remotely via BigBlueButton
  - Software should be installed in your own computer
Objectives of this teaching unit

- Be aware of different software techniques for designing distributed applications
  - Name and describe the main interaction patterns (synchronous request, publish/subscribe) between distributed software components
  - Learn master technologies for producing enterprise distributed applications: Web Services (REST), JavaEE, RabbitMQ
  - Design the architecture of a multi-component distributed application made of several functional modules with computing components, persistent components, client components.
  - Learn responses to architectural concerns (scalability, interoperability, security)
- Design and implement one distributed applications through one micro-project
Prerequisites for this Teaching Unit

- Labs on Unix OS
- Object oriented programming and modeling (with UML diagrams)
- Implementation in the Java language
- Integrated development environment such as Eclipse IDE
- Relational databases
Organisation of this teaching unit I

- Middleware for synchronous requests (illustrated with REST Web Services)

![Diagram of a service with input and output operations]

- Introduction to software architecture and quality attributes (scalability, interoperability, security)
Component-based middleware with JavaEE (persistent components)
Organisation of this teaching unit III

- Publish subscribe pattern and Distributed Event Based Systems (illustrated with AMQP RabbitMQ)
Plan of this TU

Big Picture

Structural Compositions

Activity Orchestrations

Application servers
  - Life cycle (instantiate)
  - Persistency

WebServices/JavaRMI
Synchronous Call
TCP/UDP sockets
BPEL
SCA

JavaEE

Publish/Subscribe
RabbitMQ

Publish/Subscribe
RabbitMQ

sockets
TCP/UDP

CSC7321 Middleware and software architecture for distributed applications
Evaluation

- Study and presentation of an article (3/10)
  - Slides and oral presentation

- Labs and intermediary deliverables (1/10)

- Micro Project (6/10)
  - Design and architectural choices
  - Implementation in java
  - Slides and final defense
Subject: realize a bike tourism application (for olympics 2024)

- Administrators define bike tours (e.g. From *Musée Grévin* to *Les Catacombes*)
- Group of tourists select a tour among available ones
- Group of tourists exchange and visualize their positions
- The system verify bike availabilities all around the tour
A travel agency that acts as an operator of the system can prepare some tours, etc. on behalf of future clients.

**Use Case Diagram — management of tours and POIs**

- VLibTour
  - list the set of tours
  - get a tour
  - create a tour
  - add a POI to a tour
  - move a POI in the sequence of a tour
  - remove a POI from a tour
  - create a POI
  - modify the description of a POI
  - remove a POI

- Tourist
  - get a POI
  - list the set of tours

- VlibTour Operator
Use Case Diagram — management of group of participants

- create a group and join it
- join a group
- leave a group
- remove a group

The creation of group is performed by one participant, he becomes the first member to join the group.

The action is performed automatically in these cases:
- after a timeout (e.g. 1h) with no action from the participants
- all participants arrived to the last POI
- all the participants have lefted the group

Tourist

high priority use case are in green
Use Case Diagram — management of locations

- VLibTour
  - subscribe to location information
  - remove subscription to location information
  - publish location
  - notify the location of a participant

Tourist

- high priority use case are in green

To receive the location of the other participants, the actor agree to give their location periodically.
Use Case Diagram — management of visits

Tourist

- get current position
- get the position of the next POI
- search for the arrival bike station
- step to the next position in current path towards the next POI
- step to next POI in current visit

high priority use case are in green
Use Case Diagram — statistics of visits

VLibTour

- get the total number of groups on a period
- get the average group size
- get the number of visits
- get the most popular tour

VlibTour Operator
These two components are co-located if they use the same RabbitMQ broker. If so, the lobby room system creates the group communication systems on demand (one per group).
Micro Project modalities

**Important dates**

- Subject of the project: today
- Implement parts of the microproject during the labs
- Project defense: Exam week (mid November)

**Results**

- Original implementation
- Report (6-10 pages)
- Defense: slides and demo (1/2 hour)
Questions